

ISAAC HICKS

Isaac Hicks was born in an English Colony in 1758 in Granville County, North Carolina. He was the son of Robert Hicks Sr. and Sarah Reeves. His father was a cooper. He had two brothers and four sisters. Isaac enlisted as a private in Captain John Dickerson's Company, Colonel Archibald Lytle's Regiment of Light Horse, North Carolina Line on April 16, 1776. Isaac was in several skirmishes with the Tories. It seemed that Isaac was the only soldier who had a workable gun in constant use, which was noticed by Nicholis Long, Deputy Quartermaster General. He had Isaac transferred to his jurisdiction. Eventually Isaac was transferred to the Public Shops repairing arms for the Army . He was discharged on October 16, 1778, after serving for two and one-half years.

In 1788 Isaac married Elizabeth Hines. She was born in 1763 in Raleigh, Wake County, North Carolina. Her father Thomas Hines was a very prominent American Revolutionary War soldier. The Roster of Soldiers from North Carolina in the American Revolution published in 1932 by the North Carolina DAR states " Thomas Hines, 2nd Major, Wake County, North Carolina" elected as a member, Common House Of Assembly for Wake County pg 784, Vol xIII Clarks State Records, House Journal, State of N.C., May 1779) owned considerable property in Granville County, North Carolina.

Isaac was a cabinet maker by trade. During Isaac and Elizabeth's thirty five years of marriage they had six children; William Hines Hicks, Robert Hicks, Sarah Hicks, Kitty Hicks, and two unknown daughters. On June 21, 1824, in Ogelthorpe County, Georgia Isaac applied for a pension due to his American Revolutionary War services. Isaac was given a pension of eight dollars a month and 228 acres of land in North Carolina Isaac passed away in 1826, the pension ended on September of 1826. (From the book "The Hicks Still Live" by Max Spangler)